

Y3 Curriculum Summary

Arithmetic	Reasoning
<p>Number and Place Value</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100. Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number <p>Addition and Subtraction</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written (column) methods Use inverse operations to check answers <p>Multiplication and Division</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables. Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers Multiply and divide up to three digit numbers by one, ten and a hundred <p>Fractions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Count up and down in tenths. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$]. <p>Measurement</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm), mass (kg/g), volume/capacity (l/ml) Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes. 	<p>Number and Place Value</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (HTO) Compare and order numbers up to 1000 Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas. <p>Addition and Subtraction</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a three-digit number and ones, a three-digit number and tens and a three-digit number and hundreds Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. <p>Multiplication and Division</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Begin to expose children to language of multiples and factors e.g.: twelve is a multiple of two (and six), two is a factor of twelve. Solve problems, including: missing number problems, problems involving multiplication and division, problems including positive integer scaling, correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects <p>Fractions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10. Recognise, find, write and use fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators. Compare and order unit fractions with the same denominators. Solve problems that involve all of the above. <p>Measurement</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts. <p>Time</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks. Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight

4. Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours.
5. Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year.
6. Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks].

Properties of Shapes

1. Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials.
2. Recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them.
3. Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn.
4. Identify right angles and angles that are greater than or less than a right angle.
5. Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines.

Position and Direction

1. Recognise angles as a description of a turn
2. Identify and recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn

Data and Statistics

1. Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables.
2. Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?']
3. Solve one-step and two-step questions using information presented in scaled bar charts, pictograms and tables.